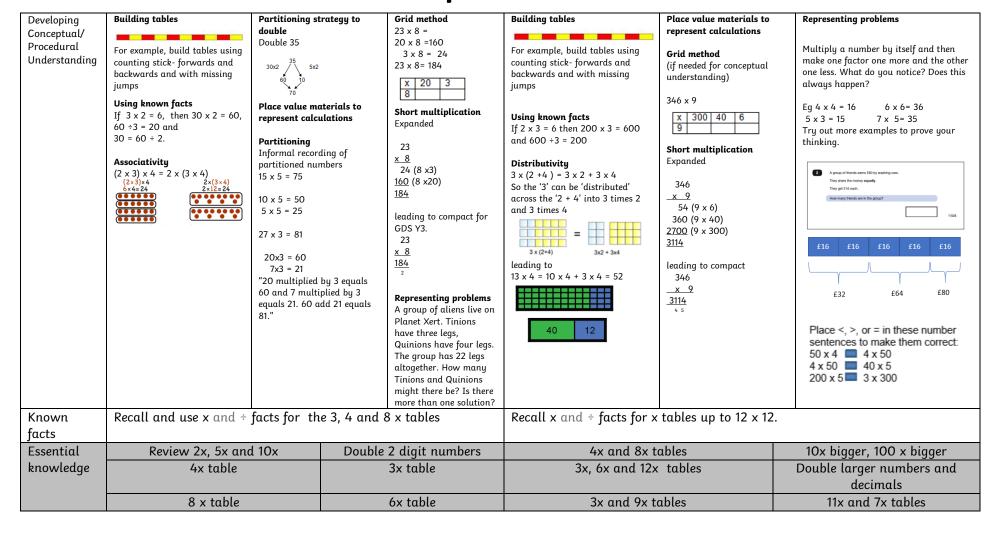


KS1	Pupils should memorise and reason with numbers in 2, 5 and 10 times tables. They should see ways to represent odd and even numbers and know how they are represented in tables. This will help them to understand the pattern in numbers. Pupils should begin to understand multiplication as scaling in terms of double and half (e.g. that tower of cubes is double the height of the other tower). Commutative law shown on array. Repeated addition can be shown mentally on a number line. Inverse relationship between multiplication and division. Use an array to explore how numbers can be organised into groups.				
Year	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):			
Layers of vocabulary Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary	lots of, groups of *, times, multiply, multiplication, multiplied by multiple of, product once, twice, three times ten times times as (big, long, wide and so on) repeated addition array row, column double, halve share, share equally one each, two each, three each Instructional vocabulary: carry on, continue repeat what comes next? predict describe the pattern, describe the rule find, find all, find different, investigate choose, decide, collect	lots of, groups of times, multiply, multiplication, multiplied by multiple of, product once, twice, three times ten times times as (big, long, wide and so on) repeated addition array row, column double, halve, factor, multiple Instructional vocabulary: carry on, continue, repeat what comes next? predict describe the pattern, describe the rule pattern, puzzle, calculate, calculation, mental calculation, method, jotting, answer right, correct, wrong what could we try next? how did you work it out? number sentence sign, operation, symbol, equation			
NC 2014	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including 2 digit numbers times 1 digit numbers progressing to formal written methods.	Multiply 2 digit and 3 digit numbers by a 1 digit number using formal written layout. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding.			



Year	5			6		
Layers of		ecific (Beck's Tiers):		Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):		
vocabulary			iplication, multiplied by	lots of, groups of times, multiply, multiplication, multiplied by multiple of,		
Tier 3 Subject specific	multiple of, product once, twice, three times ten times			product once, twice, three times ten times times as (big, long, wide		
Tier 2 Sprooryers	times as (big, long, wide and so on) repeated addition array			and so on) repeated addition array row, column double, halve share, share		
Ber 3 Basic words		e, halve share, share	e equally	equally		
Appendix 1a	factor, multiple, pri	me, composite		factor, multiple, prime, composite		
Beck's Tiers	Instructional vocal	aularu.				
of		•	next? predict describe	Instructional vocabulary:		
Vocabulary	the pattern, describ		mext: predict describe	carry on, continue, repeat what comes next? predict describe the pattern,		
Appendix	find, find all, find d			describe the rule		
1b:	jiria, jiria aii, jiria a	erjjerente trevesetgate		find, find all, find different investigate		
Vocabulary				,, ,, ,,,		
book						
NC 2014	Multiply numbers u	p to 4 digits by a 1	or 2 digit number using	Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number		
	a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2			using the formal written method of long multiplication.		
	digit numbers			Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.		
			n and division including			
			es, squares and cubes			
			traction, multiplication			
		combination of thes				
	understanding the meaning of the equals sign					
	Solve problems involving multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple					
	rates	actions and problem	ns involving simple			
Developing	Building tables	Grid method	leading to compact	Building tables	If place value is secure, use grid	
Conceptual/		(if needed for			method for decimal multiplication	
Procedural Understanding	For example, apply tables knowledge to	conceptual understanding)	28 x 27	For example, apply tables knowledge to decimals using	0.75 × 6	
Onderstanding	multiples of 10, 100	28 x 27	196	counting stick- forwards and backwards and with missing jumps	0.7 x 6 = 4.2	
	and 1000 using	x 20 8 20 7	5		$0.05 \times 6 = 0.3$	
	counting stick- forwards and		560 1	Using known facts	0.75 x 6 = 4.5	
	backwards and with	Addition to be done mentally or across	<u>756</u>	If 2 x 3 = 6 then 0.2 x 3 = 0.6 and 0.02 x 3 = 0.06	Make explicit links between	
	missing jumps	followed by column	1	Long multiplication	decimals and money	
		addition	Extend to HTU x TU or	Use expanded method first if needed to build		
			ThHTU x TU as appropriate	conceptual understanding		

	Using known facts If 2 x 3 = 6 then 2000 x 3 = 6000 and 200 x 30 = 6000 Place value materials to represent calculations Short multiplication Use expanded method first if needed to build conceptual understanding 4346 x 8 34768 234	Long multiplication Expanded 28 x_27 56 (7x8) 140 (7 x20) 160 (20x8)400 (20x20)756	Representing problems 40 cupcakes cost £3.60, how much do 20 cupcakes cost? How much do 80 cupcakes cost? How much do 10 cupcakes cost?	44	Representing problems Amy is given the calculation 5413 x 600. She says "I can do this without a written method." Write down the mental steps you think Amy could do.	
Known facts	Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers Recall prime numbers up to 19 Recognise and use square and cube numbers and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)			Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers 1		
Essential knowledge	4x and 8x tables 100, 1000 times bigge			Multiplication facts up to 12 x 12	Partition to multiply mentally	
	3x, 6x and 12x tables; 3x and 9x tables 10, 100, 1000 times smaller			Apply place value to derive multiplication face.g. 3 x 4 = 12 so 3 x 0.4 = 1.2	cts, Double larger numbers and decimals	
	11x o	ınd 7x tables	Double larger numbers and decimals		10 x smaller 100 x smaller	