

KS1	Noticing how counting in multiples if 2, 5 and 10 relates to the number of groups you have counted (introducing times tables) links to division.						
	An understanding of the more you share between, the less each person will get (e.g. would you prefer to share these grapes between 2 people or 3 people? Why?)						
	Secure understanding of grouping means you count the number of groups you have made. Whereas sharing means you count the number of objects in each group.						
Year	3	4					
Layers of vocabulary	<b>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):</b> share, share equally one each, two each, three each group in pairs, threes tens equal groups of ÷, divide, division,	<b>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):</b> share, share equally one each, two each, three each group in pairs, threes tens equal groups of ÷, divide, division, divided by,					
Ter 3 bikert novel Un 2 Ter 2 Fannyen Ter 1 Rad words	divided by, divided into left, left over, remainder, dividend, divisor	divided into left, left over, remainder, dividend, divisor Instructional vocabulary:					
Appendix 1a		calculate, work out, solve, investigate, question, answer, check					
<b>ia</b> Beck's Tiers	<b>Instructional vocabulary:</b> calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check						
of	culculule, work out, solve, investigule question, unswer, check						
Vocabulary							
Appendix 1b:							
io: Vocabulary							
book							
NC 2014	Write and calculate mathematical statements for	Practise to become fluent in the formal written method of short division					
NC 2014	multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including 2 digit numbers times 1 digit numbers progressing to formal written methods.	with exact answers.					

Developing	Links to tables		Links to tables	Place value	e materials to represent calculations	
Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding	For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick Using known facts If $3 \times 2 = 6$ , then $30 \times 2 = 60$ , $60 \div 3 = 20$ and $30 = 60 \div 2$ . Partitioning strategy to halve Halve $68$ $00 \div 2$ $00 \div 2$ Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor.	Place value materials to represent calculations Short division $72 \div 3 =$ $2 \frac{4}{3}$ 7 <sup>1</sup> 2 '72 divided by 3. 7 tens shared equally between 3 is 2 with a remainder of 1 ten. Exchange the 1 ten for 10 units. I now have 12 units which shared equally between 3 is 4. The answer is 24." <b>Representing problems</b> Andy says 'I can use my three times table to work out 180 ÷ 3'. Explain what Andy could do to work out this calculation.	For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick Using known facts If 2 x 3 = 6 then 200 x 3 = 600 and 600 $\div$ 3 = 200 Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor. 69÷ 3 = 'What do I know about the 3 x tables?' "I know 3 x 10 = 30 and 3 x 3 = 9." $30 \ 30 \ 9$ $10 \ 10 \ 3$ $69 \div 3 = 23$ $2 \ 4 r 1$ $3 \ 7'3$	Short divis 372 ÷ 6 = 6 3 7 12 '372 divided so exchange t shared equall the ten for 10 between 6 is <b>Representin</b> Alan says t	division 6 = <u>6 2</u> <u>3 7 '2</u> ided by 6. 3 hundreds cannot be shared equally between 6, ange the hundreds for 30 tens. I now have 37 tens which equally between 6 is 6 with a remainder of 1 ten. Exchange for 10 units. I now have 12 units which shared equally a 6 is 2. The answer is 62." <b>tenting problems</b> ays that the solution to 186 ÷ 4 can be written as nainder 2' or as '46.5'. Do you agree? Explain	
Known facts	Recall and use x and ÷ facts for	Recall x and ÷ facts for x tables up to 12 x 12.				
Essential knowledge	Review division facts (2 x, 5 x and 10 x tables)	Halve 2 digit numbers	Division facts (4x and 8x tables) Division facts (3 x, 6 x and 12 x tables)		10x smaller	
	Division facts (4 x table)	Division facts (3 x table)			Halve larger numbers and decimals	
	Division facts (8 x table)	Division facts (6 x table)	Division facts (3 x and 9 x tables)		Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)	
Tests of divisibility	KS1: 2, 5, 10	Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3, will divide equally by 3	Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3, will divide equally by 3 KS1: 2, 5, 10		Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3 and is even will divide equally by 6	

Year	5	6
Layers of	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):
vocabulary	equal groups of divide, division, divided by, divided into remainder	equal groups of divide, division, divided by, divided into
Ter 3	factor, quotient, divisible by inverse	remainder factor, quotient, divisible by inverse, remainders as
Vecality of general Vecality of general Tiar 2 Synconyres		fractions or decimals
Tier 3 Bude wands	Instructional vocabulary:	
Appendix	calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check	Instructional vocabulary:
1α	same, different missing number/s number facts, number pairs, number	calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check
Beck's Tiers	bonds greatest value, least value	same, different missing number/s number facts, number pairs,
of		number bonds greatest value, least value
Vocabulary		
Appendix		
1b:		
Vocabulary		
book		
NC 2014	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1 digit number using the formal	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number using
	written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately	the formal written method of long division, and interpret
	for the context (as remainders, as fractions, as decimals or by rounding,	remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by
	e.g. $98 \div 4 = \frac{98}{4} = 24 \text{ r2} = 24 \frac{1}{2} = 24.5 \approx 25$ ).	rounding, as appropriate to the context.
	Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the
	knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. Solve problems	formal written method of short division where appropriate,
	involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a	interpreting remainders according to the context.
	combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the	Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication
	equals sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division	and division.
	including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple	
	rates.	

Developing		Internetic	dava	Haing huan frata	1
Developing	Using known facts	Interpreting remaine 17 ÷ 5	uers	Using known facts If 6 ÷ 2 = 3 then 6÷ 0.2 = 30 and	
Conceptual/ Procedural	If 6 ÷ 2 = 3 then 6000 ÷ 2 = 3000 and		is not a multiple of 5. "	$6 \div 0.02 = 300$	36 5 9 2 2 4 2
Understanding	6000 ÷ 20 = 300	0 5 10 15 20	• 5 H H-	Short division	With questions of this type where the divisor
	Place value materials to represent		3 😁	97.6 ÷ 5 =	is close to a number linked to the times tables,
	calculations		3 2	1 9.52 5 9 47.2610	encourage the children to use known facts and
	Short division		5 5		adjustment to set up the partial tables.
	483 ÷ 7 =		3 2 = 3.4	"97.6 divided by 5. 9 tens shared equally between 5 is 1 with a remainder of 4 tens. Exchange the	1 60 <mark>-1</mark> 59
			5 From knowledge of	ten for 10 units. I now have 47 units which	
	6 9		decimal/fraction	shared equally between 5 is 9 with a remainder of 2 units. Exchange the 2 units for 20 tenths, we	4 240 4 236   5 300 5 295
	r1		equivalents or by	now have 26 tenths. 26 shared equally between 5	
	7 4 48 4		2 4	equals 5 with a remainder of 1 tenth. Extend the	8 480 8 472
	"484 divided by 7. 4 hundreds cannot be		converting $\frac{1}{5}$ into $\frac{1}{10}$ .	dividend with a 0 in the hundredths column. Exchange the tenth for 10 hundredths. 10 shared	10 600 10 590
	shared equally between 7, so exchange			equally between 5 equals 2. The answer is 19.52."	
	the hundreds for 40 tens. I now have 48 tens which shared equally between 7 is 6	Examples:			Representing problems
	with a remainder of 6 tens. Exchange the	<b>17</b> 581 ÷ 7 =		Long division	Megan divides 500 by 8 and gets the answer 62r4. She re writes it as 62 r 1/2 . Is she right?
	6 tens for 60 units, we now have 64 units. 64 shared equally between 7	17 001.7-		(thinking not generally recorded) 384 ÷ 16	Explain your answer.
	equals 9 remainder 1. The answer is 69				
	r1."			1 10 32 4 64 about the divisor?"	
			ulated by the formal written method of	$\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{64}{80}$ Record partial tables.	Using factors to simplify long division
			ould be calculated by rearranging the	8 128	25) 815
		dividend, using known facts, into 560 and 21. Representing problems		10 160	
				$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 16 & 384 \\ \end{array} (38 \text{ tens } \div 16 = 2 \text{ r6; } 2 \times 16 = 32) \end{array}$	165
			the calculation below. Explain the error.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5)815
		266 ÷ 5 = 73.1		64 (64 units ÷ 16 =4)	
		7 3 r	1	<u>-64</u>	35
		5 2 36 16		(no remainder)	5)165
		5 2 0 0		0	Simplify the fractions for remainders
Known	Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and		Identify common factors, comm	on multiples and prime numbers	
facts	composite (non-prime) nui	mbers. Recall pr	ime numbers up to 19		
Essential	Division facts (4 x and		100, 1000 times smaller	Division facts up to 12 x 12	Halve larger numbers and
knowledge					decimals
knowledge	Division facts (3 x, 6 x an	d 12 x tables: 3	Partition to divide mentally	Apply place value to derive	Partition to divide mentally
	Division facts (3 x, 6 x and 12 x tables, 3 x and 9 x tables) Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)		a antition to arriae montality	11 31	including decimals
				division facts, e.g. $12 \div 3 = 4$	
			Halve larger numbers and	so 1.2 ÷3 = 0. 4	
			decimals		
Tests of	Tests for 2,3,5,6 &10		Any number with a digit	Tests for 2,3,5,6, 9 & 10	Any number where the last two
divisibility			sum of a multiple of 9 will		digits are divisible by 4, will all
			divide equally by 9		divide by 4
			arviac equality by 7		uiviue by T